6 8 1

occurred at the interview, and that the claims as amended to more positively recite the inventive concept referred to in the paper filed May 21, 2002, should now be allowed. We would note, however, that Claim 29 is written in terms of "means-plus-function" and therefore has to be construed in a manner consistent with 35 USC § 112, ¶ 6.

Accordingly, reconsideration and early allowance of the application is requested.

If there are any questions regarding this amendment or the application in general, a telephone call to the undersigned would be appreciated since this should expedite the prosecution of the application for all concerned.

If necessary to effect a timely response, this paper should be considered as a petition for an Extension of Time sufficient to effect a timely response, and please charge any deficiency in fees or credit any overpayments to Deposit Account No. 05-1323 (Docket #381AS/49211).

Respectfully submitted,

July 24, 2002

James F. McKeown Registration No. 25,406

CROWELL & MORING, LLP P.O. Box 14300

Washington, DC 20044-4300 Telephone No.: (202) 624-2500 Facsimile No.: (202) 628-8844

JFM/acd 56203.083

FAX COPY RECEIVED

JUL 2 4 2002

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800

VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES

IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Amended) A hot-wire type air flow meter for an internal combustion engine, comprising:

an exothermic resistor film provided on a thin portion formed on a silicon substrate arranged in a suction pipe of the internal combustion engine and emits heat to an air through said resistor film; and

a control circuit for controlling a voltage to be applied to said resistor film or a current to be supplied, said control circuit being configured such that,

[wherein said resistor film is arranged in a suction pipe of the internal combustion engine and emits heat to an air through said resistor film, and]

in the case where a liquid droplet is deposited onto said resistor film, [said control circuit controls] said applied voltage is controlled to a value smaller than a voltage which is applied to said resistor film at the time of measuring a maximum specified measuring range or [controls] said supply current is controlled to a value smaller than a current flowing in said resistor film at the time of measuring the maximum specified measuring range.

3. (Amended) A hot-wire type air flow meter for an internal combustion engine, comprising:

a first resistor film, which is provided on a thin portion formed on a silicon substrate, is arranged in a suction pipe of the internal combustion engine and emits heat to a measuring fluid through said first resistor film and generates heat and a second resistor film whose resistance value changes in accordance with an ambient temperature; and

a control circuit which has a bridge circuit including said second resistor film and controls a voltage to be applied to said first resistor film or a current to be supplies, said control circuit being configured such that,

[wherein said first resistor film is arranged in a suction pipe of the internal combustion engine and emits heat to a measuring fluid through said first resistor film, and]

in the case where an output of said bridge circuit is larger than a certain value, [said control circuit controls] said applied voltage is controlled to a value smaller than a voltage which is applied to said first resistor film at the time of measuring a maximum specified measuring range or [controls] said supply current is controlled to a value smaller than a current flowing in said first resistor film at the time of measuring the maximum specified measuring range.

5. (Amended) A hot-wire type air flow meter for an internal combustion engine, comprising:

an exothermic resistor arranged in a measuring fluid and emitting heat to a measuring fluid;

a control circuit for controlling a voltage to be applied to said resistor or a current to be supplied;

first limiting means for limiting said applied voltage or said [supply] supplied current to a value which is equal to or less than a first value; and

second limiting means for limiting said applied voltage or said [supply] supplied current to a value which is equal to or less than a second value smaller than said first value,

[wherein heat is emitted to said measuring fluid through said resistor, and]

said control circuit being configured such that, in the case where a liquid droplet is deposited onto said resistor, said applied voltage or said [supply] supplied current is limited to a value which is equal to or less than said second value.

12. (Amended) A hot-wire type air flow meter for an internal combustion engine, comprising:

an exothermic resistor arranged in a measuring fluid and emitting heat to said measuring fluid; and

a control circuit for controlling a voltage to be applied to said resistor or a current to be supplied, said control circuit being configured such that,

[wherein heat is emitted to said measuring fluid through said resistor, and]

in the case where a liquid droplet is deposited onto said resistor, said control circuit controls said applied voltage or said [supply] supplied current so that a generation heat amount per unit area of said resistor is smaller than an amount of heat by which a burn-out occurs at an interface between said resistor and said liquid droplet.

13. (Amended) A hot-wire type air flow meter for an internal combustion engine, comprising:

an exothermic resistor arranged in a measuring fluid and emitting heat to said measuring fluid; and

a control circuit for controlling a voltage to be applied to said resistor or a current to be supplied, said control circuit being configured such that,

[wherein heat is emitted to said measuring fluid through said resistor, and]

in the case where a liquid droplet is deposited onto said resistor, said control circuit controls said applied voltage or said [supply] supplied current so that a generation heat amount per unit area of said resistor is smaller than a predetermined value.

18. (Amended) A hot-wire type air flow meter for an internal combustion engine, comprising:

a first resistor which is arranged in a measuring fluid and generates heat emitted to said measuring fluid, and a second resistor whose resistance value changes in accordance with an ambient temperature;

a control circuit which has a bridge circuit including said second resistor and controls a voltage to be applied to said first resistor or a current to be supplied;

first limiting means for limiting said applied voltage or said supply current to a value which is equal to or less than a first value; and

second limiting means for limiting said applied voltage or said supply current to a value which is equal to or less than a second value smaller than said first value,

[wherein the heat is emitted to said measuring fluid through said first resistor, and]

said control circuit being configured such that, in the case where an output of said bridge circuit is larger than a certain value, said control circuit limits said applied voltage or said [supply] supplied current to a value which is equal to or less than said second value.

22. (Amended) A hot-wire type air flow meter for an internal combustion engine, comprising:

a first resistor which is arranged in a measuring fluid and generates heat emitted to said measuring fluid, and a second resistor whose resistance value changes in accordance with an ambient temperature, and

a control circuit which has a bridge circuit including said second resistor and controls a voltage to be applied to said first resistor or a current to be supplied, said control circuit being configured such that,

[wherein the heat is emitted to said measuring fluid through said first resistor, and]

in the case where an output of said bridge circuit is larger than a certain value, said control circuit controls said applied voltage or said [supply] supplied current to a value which is smaller than a heat amount by which a burn-out occurs at an interface between said first resistor and a liquid droplet.

23. (Amended) A hot-wire type air flow meter for an internal combustion engine, comprising:

a first resistor which is arranged in a measuring fluid and generates heat emitted to said measuring fluid, and a second resistor whose resistance value changes in accordance with an ambient temperature; and

a control circuit which has a bridge circuit including said second resistor and controls a voltage to be applied to an exothermic resistor or a current to be supplied, said control circuit being configured such that,

[wherein the heat is emitted to said measuring fluid through said exothermic resistor, and]

in the case where an output of said bridge circuit is larger than a certain value, said control circuit controls said applied voltage or said [supply] supplied current so that a generation (head) amount per unit area of said first resistor is smaller than a predetermined value.

29. (Amended) A hot-wire type air flow meter for an internal combustion engine, comprising:

an exothermic resistor arranged in a suction pipe of said internal combustion engine wherein heat is emitted to an air through said resistor;

a control circuit for controlling a voltage to be applied to said resistor or a current to be supplied; and

transmitting means for transmitting a specific signal to a control unit of said internal combustion engine in the case where a liquid droplet is deposited onto said resistor [,

wherein heat is emitted to an air through said resistor].